PEST MANAGEMENT OSP SECTION: OCAl C5.0

Find all forms at <a href="www.ccof.org/documents">www.ccof.org/documents</a>. Send completed forms to <a href="mailto:inbox@ccof.org">inbox@ccof.org</a>.

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Operation Name:				Date:	
A. Preventative Pest Management Strategies  Preventative management practices such as crop rotations and nutrient management in addition to mechanical and physical controls are required to manage insects, diseases and weeds prior to the use of biological or botanical substances (materials) or those included on the National List of synthetic substances allowed for use in organic crop production					
С	heck the strategies you use to prevent or control pests:	Weeds	Insects & invertebrates	Diseases & nematodes	Vertebrate pests
С	rop rotation (describe in OCal C4.0)				
С	over cropping				
S	trip cropping, interplanting or planting mixed species				
T	rap crops				
С	rop nutrient management				
	anitation, cleaning up debris, nesting areas, removal of disease vectors, weed eed sources, etc.				
G	rowing location				
Ti	ming of planting				
R	esistant varieties or rootstock				
R	emove pest by hand (hoeing, pruning, picking, vacuum)				
-	echanical cultivation (disc, plow, harrow, rototill, etc.)				
M	owing or grazing				
	rigation method (drip, furrow, etc.) or management				
_	ulching with biodegradable materials				
_	on-PVC plastic or synthetic mulches, or solarization				
Plant beneficial habitat areas					
Construct predator habitat (owl nests, perches, etc.)					
Release beneficial organisms				<u> </u>	
Construct barriers (fences, raised platforms, etc.)			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Traps		<u> </u>			
Flaming		Ш		Ш	
	ther physical or mechanical means (describe):				
В	urning crop residue (complete C below)			Ш	Ш
В.	Materials for Controlling Weeds, Insects, or Diseases				
1)	Do you use materials for controlling weeds, insects, or diseases?				
	☐ No materials used. Skip to section C.				
	☐ Yes. List all materials on your OCal Cultivator Materials Application (OSP Materials List).				
	An allowed synthetic material may be used if it is on the National List and if the conditions for using the material are documented in the OCal System Plan.				
2) Describe the conditions that must exist before you will resort to using materials for weed, insect or disease control:  When preventative measures/controls described above fail When economic thresholds for pest damage are excee					
					eeded
	Other (describe):				
C.	Burning Crop Residues				
1)	Do you burn crop residues?				
- \	□ No. Stop, this form is complete. □ Yes, complete this section.  Burning may not be used as a means to dispose of crop residues. However, it may be used to suppress diseases or stimulate seed germination consistent with local and state laws and regulations. Crop residues are defined as the plant parts remaining in a field after the harvest of a crop, which includes stalks, stems, leaves, roots and weeds.				
2)	What crop residues do you burn, and how often do you burn them?				
3)	What diseases are to be suppressed, or which specific seeds are to be germin	nated?			

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